

Policy Name	Policy Number	Scope	
Enzyme Replacement Therapy for Gaucher Disease: Imiglucerase (Cerezyme), Taliglucerase (Elelyso), Velaglucerase (Vpriv)	MP-RX-FP-29-23	MMM MA	⊠ MMM Multihealth
Service Category			
<ul> <li>Anesthesia</li> <li>Surgery</li> <li>Radiology Procedures</li> <li>Pathology and Laboratory Procedures</li> </ul>	Evaluati     DME/Pr	ne Services and Pro- ion and Manageme rosthetics or Supplie Drugs	ent Services

### Service Description

This document addresses the use of Imiglucerase (Cerezyme), Taliglucerase (Elelyso), Velaglucerase (Vpriv), a drug approved by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) for the treatment of adults and children with a confirmed diagnosis of type 1 Gaucher disease.

#### **Background Information**

Gaucher disease is a rare autosomal recessive disease characterized by a deficiency of glucocerebrosidase, an enzyme vital to the breakdown of glucosylceramide. Impairment of glucocerebrosidase leads to the collection of glucosylceramide in cells in the spleen, liver, bones and bone marrow. The primary clinical manifestations of Gaucher disease include splenomegaly, hepatomegaly, anemia, thrombocytopenia and skeletal complications. Symptomatic skeletal disease includes avascular necrosis, Erlenmeyer flask deformity, lytic disease, marrow infiltration, osteopenia, osteosclerosis, pathological fracture and joint deterioration. In some forms of Gaucher disease, the collection of glucosylceramide is seen in the brain, resulting in neurologic impairment and dysfunction. Manifestations of neurologic disease include seizures, eye movement and vision problems, poor coordination and progressive brain damage.

Diagnosis of Gaucher disease involves clinical examination, radiological imaging and laboratory testing. Glucocerebrosidase enzyme activity measurement and genotype testing of the glucocerebrosidase genome are important to avoid confusion with other diseases, including other lipidoses. Assessment and confirmation of neurologic disease must include a thorough neurological examination that includes eye movement examination, measurement of peripheral hearing, brain imaging, electroencephalography and ageappropriate neuropsychometry.

There are three presentations of Gaucher disease. Type 1 is the most common form of Gaucher disease, responsible for approximately 90% of all cases. The age of onset for type 1 Gaucher disease is highly variable with symptom presentation occurring anywhere from childhood to late adulthood. Alternatively, some individuals with this genotype of Gaucher disease never have any symptoms. Commonly seen symptoms of type 1 Gaucher disease include fatigue, cachexia, growth delay in childhood and easy bruising or bleeding. Individuals exhibit the visceral, hematologic and bone manifestations of disease which progress in severity over time. There is no neurologic involvement with type 1 Gaucher disease.



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Type 2, also referred to as neuropathic Gaucher disease, is the rarest form of this disease. Type 2 Gaucher disease is characterized by early age of onset with serious, rapidly progressive neurologic deterioration and less severe visceral impairment. Widespread neurological dysfunction leading to severe seizures, rigidity and other motor dysfunction is common.

Type 3 Gaucher disease is a less severe neuropathic form of disease compared to type 2. The age of onset may occur anywhere from early childhood to late adulthood and the course of the disease is much more variable than with the other types. Type 3 Gaucher disease typically has a more aggressive presentation of visceral, hematologic and bone involvement than type 1 disease. Type 3 Gaucher disease does include neurologic dysfunction, with poor coordination, paralysis of the eye muscles, and dementia; however, the severity of these conditions is much less than with type 2 Gaucher disease.

Clinical studies have demonstrated the systemic manifestations of type 1 Gaucher disease, including visceral, hematologic and bone symptoms, respond well to enzyme replacement therapy (ERT) with glucocerebrosidase analogs. Similar benefits have been shown for systemic manifestations of type 3 Gaucher disease. Unfortunately, the glucocerebrosidase analogs do not pass through the blood-brain barrier and have minimal to no impact on the neurologic symptoms seen in type 2 and type 3 Gaucher disease.

Cerezyme, Elelyso and Vpriv are glucocerebrosidase analogs approved by the FDA for long-term treatment of type 1 Gaucher disease in adults and children who are exhibiting systemic disease manifestations. Small case series have been published that support the use of ERT for controlling visceral, bone and hematologic symptoms in type 3 Gaucher disease. Kaplan and colleagues (2013) published updated recommendations for the management of children with Gaucher disease. Enzyme replacement therapy was recommended for all symptomatic children with type 1 and 3 Gaucher disease to prevent debilitating and often irreversible disease progression. 2 The clinical trial programs for both Vpriv and Elelyso included participants who switched from Cerezyme to Vpriv or Elelyso. The FDA determined there was sufficient evidence of safety and efficacy in this situation and that Vpriv and Elelyso are alternatives for individuals currently receiving treatment for Gaucher disease with Cerezyme. The dosage and administration section of product labeling includes dosing recommendations for switching from Cerezyme to Vpriv or Elelyso.



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Approved Indications			
A. Gaucher Disease			
Other Uses			
A. N/A			
Applicable Codes			

The following list(s) of procedure and/or diagnosis codes is provided for reference purposes only and may not be all inclusive. Inclusion or exclusion of a procedure, diagnosis or device code(s) does not constitute or imply member coverage or provider reimbursement policy. Benefit coverage for health services is determined by the member specific benefit plan document and applicable laws that may require coverage for a specific service. The inclusion of a code does not imply any right to reimbursement or guarantee claim payment. Other Policies and Guidelines may apply.

HCPCS	Description
J1786	Injection, imiglucerase, 10 units [Cerezyme]
J3060	Injection, taliglucerase alfa, 10 units [ELELYSO]
J3385	Injection, velaglucerase alfa, 100 units [VPRIV]
\$9357	Home infusion therapy, enzyme replacement intravenous therapy; (e.g., Imiglucerase); administrative services, professional pharmacy services, care coordination, and all necessary supplies and equipment (drugs and nursing visits coded separately), per diem
ICD-10	Description
E75.22	Gaucher disease



### **Medical Necessity Guidelines**

When a drug is being reviewed for coverage under a member's medical benefit plan or is otherwise subject to clinical review (including prior authorization), the following criteria will be used to determine whether the drug meets any applicable medical necessity requirements for the intended/prescribed purpose.

Provider must submit documentation (such as office chart notes, lab results or other clinical information) supporting that member has met all approval criteria.

Enzyme Replacement Therapy for Gaucher Disease [Cerezyme (imiglucerase), Elelyso (taliglucerase), Vpriv (velaglucerase)]

## A. Criteria For Initial Approval

- i. Individual is 18 years of age or older with a diagnosis of type 1 Gaucher disease and the following criteria are met:
  - a. Documentation is provided that Type 1 Gaucher disease is confirmed by either (Weinreb, 2004; Wang, 2011):
    - 1. Deficiency in glucocerebrosidase enzyme activity as measured in the white blood cells or skin fibroblasts;
      - OR
    - 2. Genotype testing indicates mutation of two alleles of the glucocerebrosidase genome; AND
  - b. Documentation is provided that individual has clinically significant manifestations of Gaucher disease including (Andersson, 2005; Weinreb, 2004):
    - 1. Skeletal disease (such as but not limited to avascular necrosis, Erlenmeyer flask deformity, osteopenia or pathological fracture); OR
    - 2. Two or more of the following:
      - a. Clinically significant hepatomegaly; OR
      - b. Clinically significant splenomegaly; OR
      - c. Hemoglobin at least 1.0 g/dL below lower limit of normal for age and sex; OR
      - d. Platelet count less than or equal to 120,000 mm3

## OR

- ii. Individual is less than 18 years of age with a diagnosis of type 1 Gaucher disease and the following criteria are met:
  - a. Documentation is provided that Type 1 Gaucher disease is confirmed by either (Kaplan, 2013; Wang, 2011):
    - 1. Deficiency in glucocerebrosidase enzyme activity as measured in the white blood cells or skin fibroblasts;

OR

- 2. Genotype testing indicates mutation of two alleles of the glucocerebrosidase genome; AND
- b. Individual has clinically significant manifestations of Gaucher disease (such as but not limited to hepatomegaly, splenomegaly, anemia, thrombocytopenia, skeletal disease or growth failure) (Andersson, 2005)



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ii.	Documer 3 Gauche a. b. c. OR Documer 3 Gauche a. b. c.	r disease and Type 3 Gauc alleles of the Individual ha (Andersson, 1. Skelet flask d 2. Two o a. b. c. d. There are ne neurological or computed nation is prover disease and Type 3 Gauc alleles of the Individual ha not limited t disease or g There are ne neurological	the following criteria ar her disease is verified by glucocerebrosidase ger as clinically significant m 2005; Weinreb, 2004): al disease (such as but n eformity, osteopenia or r more of the following: Clinically significant sp Hemoglobin at least 1 sex; OR Platelet count less tha eurological findings cons evaluation including bra d tomography (CT)] and vided that individual is le the following criteria ar her disease is verified by glucocerebrosidase ger as clinically significant m o hepatomegaly, spleno rowth failure) (Andersso eurological findings cons evaluation including bra d tomography (CT)] and	re met (Kaplan, 2013 y genotype testing in home (Kaplan, 2013; anifestations of Gau ot limited to avascul pathological fractur epatomegaly; OR olenomegaly; OR .0 g/dL below lower n or equal to 120,000 istent with type 3 Ga ain imaging [magnet electroencephalogra ess than 18 years of a re met (Kaplan, 2013; anifestations of Gau megaly, anemia, thr n, 2005); AND istent with type 3 Ga ain imaging [magnet	dicating mutation of two Wang, 2011); AND cher disease including ar necrosis, Erlenmeyer e); OR limit of normal for age and 0mm3; AND aucher disease based on ic resonance imaging (MRI) phy (EEG) (Vellodi, 2009) age with a diagnosis of type ): dicating mutation of two
i.	There is c but not li	linically signi mited to redu	ficant improvement in cluction of spleen volume,	reduction of liver vo	otoms of disease (including plume, resolution of rovement in skeletal



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C. Conditions Not Covered			

Any other use is considered experimental, investigational, or unproven, including the following (this list may not be all inclusive):

- i. Individuals with type 2 Gaucher disease; OR
- ii. Use in combination with another enzyme replacement therapy agent or substrate reduction therapy agent [Cerdelga (eliglustat), Zavesca (miglustat)] for the treatment of Gaucher disease; OR
- iii. May not be approved when the above criteria are not met and for all other indications.

## Limits or Restrictions

A. Quantity Limitations

Approvals may be subject to dosing limits in accordance with FDA-approved labeling, accepted compendia, and/or evidence-based practice guidelines. The chart below includes dosing recommendations as per the FDA-approved prescribing information.

	Drug	Limit	
Cerezyme (imiglucerase) 400 unit vial		60 units/kg as frequently as every 2 weeks*	
El	elyso (taliglucerase) 200 unit vial	60 units/kg as frequently as every 2 weeks	
V	priv (velaglucerase) 400 unit vial	60 units/kg as frequently as every 2 weeks	
Exceptions			
I. Requests for higher dosing or more frequent administration may be approved when the treating physician has indicated that it is necessary based on the individual's disease severity or lack of response.			
II. Individuals currently being treated on a stable dosage of Cerezyme may be switched to Elelyso or Vpriv at the previous Cerezyme dosage.			
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Reference	Reference Information						
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11.	Andersson HC, Charrow J, Ka Regional Coordinators. Indiv disease. Genet Med. 2005; 7 DailyMed. Package inserts. I website. http://dailymed.nli DrugPoints <sup>®</sup> System [electro Updated periodically. Grabowski GA, Barton NW, comparative efficacy of mar sources. Ann Intern Med. 19 Kaplan P, Baris H, De Meirle disease in children. Eur J Per Lexi-Comp ONLINE <sup>™</sup> with Al Mistry PK, Cappellini MD, Lu management algorithms. An Turkia HB, Gonzalez DE, Bar compared with imiglucerase Vellodi A, Tylki-Szymanska A	vidualization of long term 7(2):105-110. J.S. National Library of Me m.nih.gov/dailymed/abou onic version]. Truven Healt Pastores G, et al. Enzyme moseterminated glucocer 095;122:33-39. ir L, et al. Revised recomm diatr. 2013; 172(4):447-45 HFS™, Hudson, Ohio: Lexi- ikina E, et al. A reappraisa m J Hematol. 2011; 86(1):1 ton NW, et al. Velaglucera e in patients with Gaucher A, Davies EH, et al. Manage Inherit Metab Dis. 2009; tson MS, Wilcox WR; Ame Confirmation of Lysosomal nation and management of ersson HC, et al. Gaucher of ing for adult patients. Sem ertkoff R, et al. Pivotal trial erase alfa, a novel enzyme	enzyme replaceme edicine, National In t.cfm. Accessed: Ju th Analytics, Green therapy in type 1 G ebrosidase from na nendations for the na comp, Inc. Update I of Gaucher diseas 10-115. Ise alfa enzyme rep disease. Am J Heme ement of neuropat 32(5):660-664. rican College of Me Storage Diseases. f presymptomatic i disease type 1: Rev nin Hematol. 2004; I with plant cell-exp	nt (ERT) for Gaucher's astitutes of Health ine 11, 2023. wood Village, CO. Gaucher disease: atural and recombinant management of Gaucher d periodically. de – Diagnosis and disease placement therapy hatol. 2013; 88(3):179-84. hic Gaucher disease: edical Genetics (ACMG) Lysosomal storage ndividuals. Genet Med. rised recommendations 41(Suppl 5):15-22. pressed recombinant			
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Policy History						
Revision Type	Summa	ry of Changes		P&T Approval Date	MPCC Approval Date	
Policy Inception	Elevance Health's Medical Policy adoption.			N/A	11/30/2023	

Revised: 6/12/23